Staffordshire County Council General Risk Assessment Record Form

- 1. Section/Service/Team- Westfield Community Primary School 2. Assessor(s) SLT
- 2. Description of Task/Activity/Area/Premises etc. Delivering Education during the COVID-19 Pandemic from 1 June 2020

	Who might be harmed and how?	What are you already doing? List the control measures already in place	risk rating – H, M, L?	What further action, if any, is necessary, if so what action is to be taken by whom and by when?	Action Completed State the date completed and sign.	What is the risk rating now – H, M, L? See Section 5
--	------------------------------------	--	---------------------------	---	--	--

HSF 19			Page 2 of 8
Exposure to COVID-19 The virus is spread in minute water droplets that are expelled from the body through sneezing, coughing, talking and breathing. The virus can be transferred to the hands and from there to surfaces. It can survive on surfaces for a period after transfer (depending on such things as the surface type, its moisture content and temperature). Site related transmission r occur: Through close contact betwe colleagues, pu and visitors ar touching contaminated surfaces.	 people of social distancing rules, hand washing and guidance on number of persons permitted to be in designated spaces. On entry to the building staff/pupils to wash their hands. Parents/carers given guidance to send 	 Review fire safety procedures to ensure that any measures put in place do not compromise evacuation routes. Ensure pupil groups and social distancing maintained during fire drills. NOTE: in an emergency social distancing may not apply. Ensure increased ventilation measures do not compromise pupil or staff safety. Review access points for visitors. Arrange times that visitors, suppliers, contractors, external partners are on site to minimise numbers on site at any one time. Inform parents of arrangements for drop off and collection procedures to reduce adult to adult contact. 	

HSF 19					Page 4 of 8
Exposure to COVID-19 The virus is spread in minute water droplets that are expelled from the body through sneezing, coughing, talking and breathing. The virus can be transferred to the hands and from there to surfaces. It can survive on surfaces for a period after transfer (depending on such things as the surface type, its moisture content and temperature).	Staff and pupils Transmission may occur through sharing spaces and equipment.	 Where possible actions taken for behaviour management that will not involve contact with a pupil. Behaviour policy adapted to reflect the need to remind children of 'new' rules and ways of working. Breaks staggered to limit numbers in corridors and circulation routes. Lunch times staggered and pupils wash hands and enter lunch areas in their group. Groups kept apart and tables cleaned between groups. Staggered use of staff rooms and offices to reduce contact with colleagues. Shared staff areas to be cleaned at lunch time and the end of the day – with a focus on touch points e.g. hot water dispenser, microwave, fridge handle. Cleaning materials provided in these areas for staff to use in between cleans. Storerooms and cupboards accessed by one person at a time. Outdoor play equipment cleaned between use by different groups of pupils. Tasks organised so that the shared use and passing of work equipment is limited. Work equipment to be cleaned before and after use. Staff marking policy to be adapted to reduce contact with children's resources e.g. books, and close contact with children themselves. Contractors delivering services using school facilities, such as catering and cleaning asked to provide copies of their risk assessment for managing exposure to COVID-19. 	М	 May need to provide lunch in classrooms if hygiene and distance cannot be maintained in lunch areas. Provide disposable paper towels in toilets to replace use of hand driers. Information sharing with contracted catering and cleaning services to reduce exposure to COVID-19. 	

HSF 19					Page 5 of 8
Exposure to COVID-19 The virus is spread in minute water droplets that are expelled from the body through sneezing, coughing, talking and breathing. The virus can be transferred	Staff and pupils. Transmission may occur when providing personal or intimate care	 PPE provided (such as disposable gloves, disposable apron) Hand washing after providing care. 	M	Staff providing personal or intimate care instructed on the safe "donning and doffing" of PPE. Review personal care plans to assess PPE requirements based on individual circumstances.	
to the hands and from there to surfaces. It can survive on surfaces for a period after transfer (depending on such things as the surface type, its moisture content and temperature).	Staff and casualty. Transmission may occur when providing First Aid.	 Wash/sanitise hands before and after treating a casualty. Wear disposable gloves, disposable apron, fluid resistant surgical mask and eye protection where there is a risk of respiratory droplets splashing into the eyes due to repeated coughing or vomit. When performing CPR phone an ambulance and use compression only CPR until the ambulance arrives. If a decision is made to perform mouth-tomouth ventilation, use a resuscitation face shield where available. 	M	 Review Assessment of First Aid Needs. First aiders instructed on the safe "donning and doffing" of PPE. Maintain stocks of PPE. Where this is not available contact Local Resilience Forum/LA. PPE Exchange can be used to help with finding a supplier. https://www.ppeexchange.co. uk/ 	
	transmitting the CO	cil UK Statement: d having an out-of-hospital cardiac arrest will be VID-19 virus, either to the rescuer or the child. H diac arrest and the death of the child.			

HSF 19						Page 6 of 8	
	Staff Transmission may occur when supervising pupils taken ill with symptoms of COVID-19 and need direct personal care until they return home.	 Increase ventilation in the room if possible. PPE provided for supervising adult: Fluid resistant surgical mask if a 2-metre distance cannot be maintained. Where contact with the pupil is needed: Fluid resistant surgical mask, disposable gloves and disposable apron. 	М	•	Maintain stocks of PPE. Where this is not available contact Local Resilience Forum/LA. Supervising adult instructed on the safe "donning and doffing" of PPE. Consider using first aiders to supervise to reduce numbers of staff who need access to PPE.		
	Staff and pupil. Transmission may occur when staff administer medicines or supervise pupils who self- administer.	 Supervising staff to maintain 2m social distance. 	М	•	Review medication plans to assess PPE requirements (if any) for staff administering medication.		

HSF 19						Page 7 of 8	3
The mental health of staff	Staff could be adversely affected by working under stressful conditions.	 Opportunities for staff to raise concerns with phase leaders and through whole school meetings. Open channels of communication – staff able to speak to any senior leader to raise their concerns or worries Governors made aware of the views of staff. Confidentiality maintained – the reasoning for staff not being in school not shared with others. Staff given autonomy to manage their own health – if they feel more comfortable wearing PPE then this will be available. Phased return of pupils to ensure that we can operate safely with minimal numbers. Contingency staffing plan in place should there be a need to bring someone out of their current role. Individual risk assessments completed. Senior leaders to distribute support/guidance documents to keep staff informed at all stages. Staff given the opportunity to take unpaid leave if they feel that this is a better option for them. 	Μ	•	Referrals to occupational health. Staff directed to help lines and support e.g. educationsupport.org (posters displayed in staffroom) general teaching council, MIND Share Education Support Charity guidance in managing mental health.		L

4. Tick ($\sqrt{}$) if any of the identified hazards relate to any of the following specific themes:

Hazardous Substance	Manual Handling	Display Screen Equip	Fire	Work Equip / Machinery	Stress	Individual Person such as Young Person New/ Expectant Mother or Service User
\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark

If any are ticked a specific risk assessment form must be completed separately. For example a COSHH form must be completed if a hazardous substance is used.

5. Risk Rating

The risk rating is used to prioritise the action required. Deal with those hazards that are high risk first.

Risk Rating	Description	Action Priority
High	Where harm is certain or near certain to occur and/or major injury or ill-health could result	Urgent action
Medium	Where harm is possible to occur and/or serious injury could result e.g. off work for over 3 days	Medium priority
Low	Where harm is unlikely or seldom to occur and/or minor injury could result e.g. cuts, bruises, strain	No action or low priority action

6. Assessment

Signature of Assessor(s):	Signature of Line Manager:
Print Name:	Print Name:

Date Assessed: 27.05.20

Review Date:

Ongoing

7. Communication and Review

This risk assessment should be communicated to all employees and relevant persons who may come into contact with the hazards being assessed. The assessment must be reviewed annually or following a significant change, accident or violent incident.